

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

## SEC FORM 17-Q

### QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended  
Sep 30, 2022
2. SEC Identification Number  
102165
3. BIR Tax Identification No.  
000-803-498-000
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter  
Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc.
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization  
Metro Manila, Philippines
6. Industry Classification Code(SEC Use Only)  
[REDACTED]
7. Address of principal office  
16th floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati  
City  
Postal Code  
1227
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code  
(02) 88330769
9. Former name or former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report  
-
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

| Title of Each Class | Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding |
|---------------------|---|
| COMMON              | 1,528,474,000   |

11. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?  
 Yes       No  
 If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:  
 Philippine Stock Exchange
12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes  No

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days

Yes  No

*The Exchange does not warrant and holds no responsibility for the veracity of the facts and representations contained in all corporate disclosures, including financial reports. All data contained herein are prepared and submitted by the disclosing party to the Exchange, and are disseminated solely for purposes of information. Any questions on the data contained herein should be addressed directly to the Corporate Information Officer of the disclosing party.*



Bright Kindle Resources  
& Investments, Inc.

## Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc.

### BKR

**PSE Disclosure Form 17-2 - Quarterly Report**  
**References: SRC Rule 17 and**  
**Sections 17.2 and 17.8 of the Revised Disclosure Rules**

|  |              |
|--|--------------|
| For the period ended                     | Sep 30, 2022 |
| Currency (indicate units, if applicable) | PHP          |

#### Balance Sheet

|                               | Period Ended  | Fiscal Year Ended (Audited) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
|                               | Sep 30, 2022  | Dec 31, 2021                |
| Current Assets                | 92,363,910    | 95,568,370                  |
| Total Assets                  | 2,912,901,604 | 2,843,263,702               |
| Current Liabilities           | 1,683,514,227 | 1,682,997,183               |
| Total Liabilities             | 1,683,514,227 | 1,682,997,183               |
| Retained Earnings/(Deficit)   | 381,822,504   | 312,701,646                 |
| Stockholders' Equity          | 1,229,387,377 | 1,160,266,519               |
| Stockholders' Equity - Parent | -             | -                           |
| Book Value per Share          | 0.8           | 0.76                        |

#### Income Statement

|   | Current Year<br>(3 Months) | Previous Year<br>(3 Months) | Current Year-To-Date | Previous Year-To-Date |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Gross Revenue                                   | 128,203                    | 272                         | 430,791              | 597                   |
| Gross Expense                                   | 1,332,736                  | 1,392,106                   | 5,336,881            | 9,886,726             |
| Non-Operating Income                            | 31,769,913                 | 171,618,100                 | 74,026,948           | 141,781,252           |
| Non-Operating Expense                           | -                          | -                           | -                    | -                     |
| Income/(Loss) Before Tax                        | 30,565,379                 | 170,226,266                 | 69,120,858           | 131,895,123           |
| Income Tax Expense                              | -                          | -                           | -                    | -                     |
| Net Income/(Loss) After Tax                     | 30,565,379                 | 170,226,266                 | 69,120,858           | 131,895,123           |
| Net Income Attributable to Parent Equity Holder | -                          | -                           | -                    | -                     |
| Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Basic)               | 0.02                       | 0.11                        | 0.05                 | 0.09                  |
| Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Diluted)             | 0.02                       | 0.11                        | 0.05                 | 0.09                  |

|                                     | Current Year (Trailing 12 months) | Previous Year (Trailing 12 months) |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Basic)   | 0.05                              | 0.11                               |
| Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Diluted) | 0.05                              | 0.11                               |

#### Other Relevant Information

PLEASE SEE ATTACHED SEC FORM 17Q FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022.

#### Filed on behalf by:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| Name        | Maila Lourdes De Castro  |
| Designation | Corporate Secretary, Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer |

**COVER SHEET**

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S.E.C. Registration Number

B R I G H T   K I N D L E   R E S O U R C E S   &     
 I N V E S T M E N T S ,   I N C .   ( A   S u b s i d i a     
 r y   o f   R Y M   B u s i n e s s   M a n a g e m e n t     
 C o r p . )

(Company's Full Name)

1 6 t h   F l o o r ,   B D O   T o w e r s     
 V a l e r o   ( f o r m e r l y   C i t i b a n k     
 T o w e r ) ,   8 7 4 1   P a s e o   d e     
 R o x a s ,   M a k a t i   C i t y

(Business Address: No. Street/City/Province)

**ROLANDO S. SANTOS**

Contact Person

**817-6046/817-4183**

Company Telephone Number

1 2   3 1     
 Month   Day     
 Fiscal Year

**SEC 17-Q**  
FORM TYPE

Last Thursday of May  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Month   Day  
 Annual Meeting

**N/A**  
Secondary License Type, If Applicable

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Dept. Requiring this  
 Doc.

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Amended Articles  
 Number/Section

|                           |                            |            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
|                           | Total Amount of Borrowings |            |
| <b>629</b>                | <b>1,671,501,723</b>       | <b>nil</b> |
| Total No. of Stockholders | Domestic                   | Foreign    |

-----  
 To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

|               |         |
|---------------|---------|
| _____         | _____   |
| File Number   | LCU     |
| _____         | _____   |
| Document I.D. | Cashier |

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**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
SEC FORM 17-Q  
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES  
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2) (b) THEREUNDER**

1. For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2022**
2. Commission Identification Number **102165**
3. BIR Tax Identification No. **000-803-498-000**
4. Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter: **BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.**
5. **Philippines**  
Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
6. Industry Classification Code:  SEC Use Only)
7. **16<sup>th</sup> Floor BDO Tower Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City 1209**  
Address of issuer's principal office Postal Code
8. **632 / 833-0769**  
Registrant's telephone number, including area code
9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA  

| Title of Each Class                  | Number of Shares of Common Stock<br>Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Common Stock, P0.55 par value</b> | <b>1,528,474,000 (as of 09/30/22)</b>  |
11. Are any or all of these securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange?  
Yes  No
12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
  - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports):  
Yes  No
  - (b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days  
Yes  No

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## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. – Financial Statements

The unaudited Financial Statements of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (“the Company”) as at September 30, 2022 (with comparative audited Statements of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021), and for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 is in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and there were no changes made in accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the interim financial statements.

Summary of statements of financial position as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

|                                     | <b>Unaudited</b>          | Audited           | Increase (decrease) |            |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------|
|                                     | <b>September 30, 2022</b> | December 31, 2021 | Amount              | Percentage |
|                                     | <b>(P'000)</b>            | (P'000)           | (P'000)             |            |
| Current assets                      | <b>₱92,364</b>            | ₱95,568           | (₱3,204)            | (3.35%)    |
| Noncurrent assets                   | <b>2,820,538</b>          | 2,747,695         | 72,843              | 2.65%      |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                 | <b>₱2,912,902</b>         | ₱2,843,263        | ₱69,639             | 2.45%      |
| Current liabilities                 | <b>₱1,683,514</b>         | ₱1,682,997        | ₱517                | 0.03%      |
| Equity                              | <b>1,229,388</b>          | 1,160,266         | 69,122              | 5.96%      |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b> | <b>₱2,912,902</b>         | ₱2,843,263        | ₱69,639             | 2.45%      |

Summary of unaudited statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

|                                     | <b>For the three months</b> |          | <b>For the nine months</b> |          |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|
|                                     | <b>ended September 30,</b>  | 2021     | <b>ended September 30,</b> | 2021     |
|                                     | <b>2022</b>                 | (P'000)  | <b>2022</b>                | (P'000)  |
|                                     | <b>(P'000)</b>              | (P'000)  | <b>(P'000)</b>             | (P'000)  |
| General and administrative expenses | <b>(₱1,333)</b>             | (₱1,392) | <b>(₱5,337)</b>            | (₱9,887) |
| Share in net income of an associate | <b>31,770</b>               | 171,618  | <b>74,027</b>              | 141,781  |
| Income                              | <b>128</b>                  | 0        | <b>431</b>                 | 1        |
| <b>Net income</b>                   | <b>₱30,565</b>              | ₱170,226 | <b>₱69,121</b>             | ₱131,895 |

Summary of unaudited statements of cash flows for the three months and nine months period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

|   | <b>For three months</b>    |          | <b>For six months</b>      |          |
|---|----------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|
|   | <b>ended September 30,</b> | 2021     | <b>ended September 30,</b> | 2020     |
|   | <b>2022</b>                | (P'000)  | <b>2022</b>                | (P'000)  |
|   | <b>(P'000)</b>             | (P'000)  | <b>(P'000)</b>             | (P'000)  |
| Cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <b>(₱1,158)</b>            | (₱1,097) | <b>₱73,487</b>             | (₱8,792) |
| Cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <b>(33)</b>                | 10       | <b>(10,242)</b>            | 808      |
| Cash provided by financing activities           | <b>10</b>                  | 1,000    | <b>965</b>                 | 7,692    |
| Increase (decrease) in cash                     | <b>(1,181)</b>             | (87)     | <b>64,210</b>              | (292)    |
| Cash at beginning of period                     | <b>65,817</b>              | 308      | <b>426</b>                 | 513      |
| <b>Cash at end of period</b>                    | <b>₱64,636</b>             | ₱221     | <b>₱64,636</b>             | ₱221     |

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation**

### Results of Operation

#### **Nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared with Nine months ended September 30, 2021**

##### *Income*

The Company's income mainly comes from interest on bank deposits. The balance of interest is minimal for both periods, due to lower level of cash in banks.

##### *General and administrative expenses*

Except for its monthly recurring general and administrative expenses, the Company has no major disbursements during the period. Total general and administrative expenses for the period of ₱5.34 million has declined by ₱4.55 million compared with the same period last year. The movement is attributable to the following:

a. *Professional fees*

Audit fee were incurred same period last year, resulting to decrease in Professional fees account by ₱0.16 million or 31.24%.

b. *Taxes and licenses*

Taxes and licenses for the period is lower by ₱1.21 million compared with the same period last year. In connection with the BIR assessment for the taxable year 2017, last year's payment for deficiency taxes resulted to the significantly decrease.

c. *Other expenses*

The decrease in Other expenses of ₱3.74 million or 81.76% is mainly due to the payment for representation during the same period last year.

##### *Share in net income of an associate*

The Company's share in net income of an associate amounted to ₱74.03 million which is lower by ₱67.75 million as compared with the same period of last year. This is mainly due to the decline in operating performance of its associate, Marcventures Holdings, Inc. (MARC) for the period.

#### **Three months ended September 30, 2022 compared with three months ended September 30, 2021**

##### *Income*

The Company's income mainly comes from interest on bank deposits. The balance of interest is minimal for both periods, due to lower level of cash in banks.

##### *General and administrative expenses*

Total general and administrative expenses during the period amounting to ₱1.33 million is decreased by 4.26% with the expenses in the same period last year of ₱0.06 million. Looking into the account details, we noted significant decrease in some of the accounts, as follow:

a. *Membership dues and other fees*

Membership dues and other fees decreased by ₱0.23 million or 50.00% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to timing difference in recording of the said expense.

b. *Outside services*

More outsourced services were incurred last year due to an increase in activities of the Company as compared with the same period this year. This resulted to a decrease in Outside services by ₱0.09 million or 46.06%.



#### *Share in net income of an associate*

MARC, an associate, had a decline in operating performance during the period as compared with same period last year. Consequently, the Company recognized a share in net income of an associate of ₱31.77 million during the period. Compared with the same period last year, there is a remarkable decrease by ₱139.85 million.

#### Statements of Financial Position

The significant changes in the statement of financial position accounts during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared with the December 31, 2021 level are as follows:

- *Cash*  
Cash balance has increased by ₱64.21 million or 15088.54%. The significant increase in the account is mainly due to collection of dividend receivable from MARC. The dividend was consequently used in part by the Company to pay for its general and administrative expenses.
- *Due from related parties*  
The increase in this account by ₱10.18 million is mainly due to formation and registration of new subsidiary during the period.
- *Property and equipment*  
Decrease in property and equipment by ₱1.18 million is mainly due to depreciation for the period. No additions and/or disposals were made during the period.
- *Investment in an associate*  
The increase in investment in an associate by ₱74.03 million pertains to the share in net income of an associate recognized during the period.
- *Accrued expenses and other current liabilities*  
This account decreased by ₱0.45 million or 51.29%, due to payments made on the previous year's accruals.
- *Due to related parties*  
This account increased by ₱0.96 million or 9.08%, due to advances from a related party to cover expenses.
- *Retained earnings*  
The increase in retained earnings by ₱69.12 million, pertains to the net income recognized for the period.

#### Statements of Cash Flows

Cash provided by and used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounts to ₱73.49 million, and ₱8.79 million, respectively. Increase in cash for the current period is the net result of the following significant transactions:

- Collection of ₱78.00 million dividend from MARC.
- Advances of ₱0.96 million from a related party.
- Payment of general and administrative expenses during the period.
- Payment of last year's accruals.

## HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ANALYSIS

|  | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) | Increase (Decrease)<br>Amount Percentage |           |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                  |                                   |                                |  |           |
| <b>Current Assets</b>                          |                                   |                                |  |           |
| Cash   | <b>₱64,635,723</b>                | ₱425,556                       | ₱64,210,167                              | 15088.54% |
| Dividends receivable                           | –                                 | 78,000,000                     | (78,000,000)                             | (100.00%) |
| Due from related parties                       | <b>17,184,482</b>                 | 7,000,000                      | 10,184,482                               | 145.49%   |
| Other current assets                           | <b>10,543,705</b>                 | 10,142,814                     | 400,891                                  | 3.95%     |
| Total Current Assets                           | <b>92,363,910</b>                 | 95,568,370                     | (3,204,460)                              | (3.35%)   |
| <b>Noncurrent Assets</b>                       |                                   |                                |  |           |
| Property and equipment                         | <b>36,161,896</b>                 | 37,346,482                     | (1,184,586)                              | (3.17%)   |
| Investment in an associate                     | <b>2,784,375,798</b>              | 2,710,348,850                  | 74,026,948                               | 2.73%     |
| Total Noncurrent Assets                        | <b>2,820,537,694</b>              | 2,747,695,332                  | 72,842,362                               | 2.65%     |
|  | <b>₱2,912,901,604</b>             | ₱2,843,263,702                 | ₱69,637,902                              | 2.45%     |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>                  |                                   |                                |  |           |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>                     |                                   |                                |  |           |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | <b>₱425,256</b>                   | ₱873,051                       | (₱447,795)                               | (51.29%)  |
| Due to a related party                         | <b>11,587,248</b>                 | 10,622,409                     | 964,839                                  | 9.08%     |
| Note payable                                   | <b>1,671,501,723</b>              | 1,671,501,723                  | –  | –         |
| Total Current Liabilities                      | <b>1,683,514,227</b>              | 1,682,997,183                  | 517,044                                  | 0.03%     |
| <b>Equity</b>                                  |                                   |                                |  |           |
| Capital stock                                  | <b>840,660,700</b>                | 840,660,700                    | –  | –         |
| Retained earnings                              | <b>381,822,504</b>                | 312,701,646                    | 69,120,858                               | 22.10%    |
| Other comprehensive income                     | <b>6,904,173</b>                  | 6,904,173                      | –  | –         |
| Total Equity                                   | <b>1,229,387,377</b>              | 1,160,266,519                  | 69,120,858                               | 5.96%     |
|  | <b>₱2,912,901,604</b>             | ₱2,843,263,702                 | ₱69,637,902                              | 2.45%     |

### Key Performance Indicators

|                                     | September 30, 2022   | September 30, 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Net loss                            | <b>₱69,120,858</b>   | ₱131,895,123       |
| Quick assets                        | <b>81,770,205</b>    | 8,221,208          |
| Current assets                      | <b>92,363,910</b>    | 18,289,386         |
| Total Assets                        | <b>2,912,901,604</b> | 2,834,915,433      |
| Current liabilities                 | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| Total liabilities                   | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| Stockholders' Equity                | <b>1,229,387,377</b> | 1,153,664,016      |
| Number of common shares outstanding | <b>1,528,474,000</b> | 1,528,474,000      |

|                              |                |         |
|------------------------------|----------------|---------|
| <u>Liquidity ratios:</u>     |                |         |
| Current ratio (1)            | <b>0.05:1</b>  | 0.01:1  |
| Quick ratio (2)              | <b>0.049:1</b> | 0.005:1 |
| <u>Solvency Ratios:</u>      |                |         |
| Debt ratio (3)               | <b>0.58:1</b>  | 0.59:1  |
| Debt to equity ratio (4)     | <b>1.37:1</b>  | 1.46:1  |
| <u>Profitability ratios:</u> |                |         |
| Return on equity (5)         | <b>0.06</b>    | 0.12    |
| Return on assets (6)         | <b>0.02</b>    | 0.05    |
| Income per share (7)         | <b>0.05</b>    | 0.09    |

Other Information

- a. Any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.

Nothing to disclose

- b. Any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

Nothing to disclose

- c. All material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

Nothing to disclose

- d. Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures.

Nothing to disclose

- e. Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

Nothing to disclose

- f. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the issuer's continuing operations.

Nothing to disclose

**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

The Company may, at its option, report under this item any information not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C. If disclosure of such information is made under this Part II, it need not be repeated in a report on Form 17-C which would otherwise be required to be filed with respect to such information or in a subsequent report on Form 17-Q.

### PART III - FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

|                               | September 30, 2022   | September 30, 2021 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Liquidity Ratio</b>        |                      |                    |
| <i>Current Ratio</i>          | <b>0.05</b>          | 0.01               |
| Current assets                | <b>92,363,910</b>    | 18,289,386         |
| Current liabilities           | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <i>Quick Ratio</i>            | <b>0.049</b>         | 0.005              |
| Quick asset                   | <b>81,770,205</b>    | 8,221,208          |
| Current liabilities           | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <b>Solvency Ratio</b>         |                      |                    |
| <i>Debt Ratio</i>             | <b>0.58</b>          | 0.59               |
| Total liabilities             | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| Total assets                  | <b>2,912,901,604</b> | 2,834,915,433      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <i>Debt-to-equity Ratio</i>   | <b>1.37</b>          | 1.46               |
| Total liabilities             | <b>1,683,514,227</b> | 1,681,251,417      |
| Total equity                  | <b>1,229,387,377</b> | 1,153,664,016      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <b>Profitability Ratio</b>    |                      |                    |
| <i>Asset-to-equity Ratio</i>  | <b>2.37</b>          | 2.46               |
| Total assets                  | <b>2,912,901,604</b> | 2,834,915,433      |
| Total equity                  | <b>1,229,387,377</b> | 1,153,664,016      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <i>Return on Equity Ratio</i> | <b>0.06</b>          | 0.12               |
| Net income                    | <b>69,120,858</b>    | 131,895,123        |
| Average shareholder's equity  | <b>1,194,826,948</b> | 1,087,716,455      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |
| <i>Return on Assets</i>       | <b>0.02</b>          | 0.05               |
| Net income                    | <b>69,120,858</b>    | 131,895,123        |
| Average total assets          | <b>2,878,082,653</b> | 2,765,171,526      |
| <hr/>                         |                      |                    |

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer: **BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.**

Date: **14 November 2022**



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**ROLANDO S. SANTOS**  
SVP and Treasurer



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**DALE A. TONGCO**  
VP – Risk Management and  
Chief Risk Officer

**BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.****(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)****STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

|  | Note | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|--|------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                  |      |                                   |                                |
| <b>Current Assets</b>                          |      |                                   |                                |
| Cash   | 4    | ₱64,635,723                       | ₱425,556                       |
| Dividends receivable                           | 10   | –                                 | 78,000,000                     |
| Due from related parties                       | 10   | 17,184,482                        | 7,000,000                      |
| Other current assets                           | 5    | 10,543,705                        | 10,142,814                     |
| Total Current Assets                           |      | 92,363,910                        | 95,568,370                     |
| <b>Noncurrent Assets</b>                       |      |                                   |                                |
| Property and equipment                         | 6    | 36,161,896                        | 37,346,482                     |
| Investment in an associate                     | 7    | 2,784,375,798                     | 2,710,348,850                  |
| Total Noncurrent Assets                        |      | 2,820,537,694                     | 2,747,695,332                  |
|  |      | <b>₱2,912,901,604</b>             | <b>₱2,843,263,702</b>          |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>                  |      |                                   |                                |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>                     |      |                                   |                                |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 8    | ₱425,256                          | ₱873,051                       |
| Due to a related party                         | 10   | 11,587,248                        | 10,622,409                     |
| Note payable                                   | 9    | 1,671,501,723                     | 1,671,501,723                  |
| Total Current Liabilities                      |      | 1,683,514,227                     | 1,682,997,183                  |
| <b>Equity</b>                                  |      |                                   |                                |
| Capital stock                                  | 11   | 840,660,700                       | 840,660,700                    |
| Retained earnings                              |      | 381,822,504                       | 312,701,646                    |
| Other comprehensive income                     |      | 6,904,173                         | 6,904,173                      |
| Total Equity                                   |      | 1,229,387,377                     | 1,160,266,519                  |
|  |      | <b>₱2,912,901,604</b>             | <b>₱2,843,263,702</b>          |

*See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.*

**BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.****(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)****UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

|  |      | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              |
|--|------|---|--------------|--|--------------|
|  | Note | <b>2022</b>                                 | 2021         | <b>2022</b>                                | 2021         |
| <b>GENERAL &amp; ADMINISTRATIVE<br/>EXPENSES</b>       | 11   | <b>(₱1,332,736)</b>                         | (₱1,392,106) | <b>(₱5,336,881)</b>                        | (₱9,886,726) |
| <b>SHARE IN NET INCOME OF AN<br/>ASSOCIATE</b>         | 7    | <b>31,769,913</b>                           | 171,618,100  | <b>74,026,948</b>                          | 141,781,252  |
| <b>INCOME</b>  | 4    | <b>128,203</b>                              | 272          | <b>430,791</b>                             | 597          |
| <b>NET INCOME</b>                                      |      | <b>₱30,565,379</b>                          | ₱170,226,266 | <b>₱69,120,858</b>                         | ₱131,895,123 |
| <b>INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE -<br/>BASIC AND DILUTED</b> | 13   | <b>₱0.02</b>                                | ₱0.11        | <b>₱0.05</b>                               | ₱0.09        |

*See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.*

**BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.****(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)****UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

|  | Note | September 30, 2022    | September 30, 2021 |
|--|------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>CAPITAL STOCK</b> - ₱0.55 par value                       | 11   |                       |                    |
| Authorized - 2,000,000,000 shares                            |      |                       |                    |
| Issued, subscribed and outstanding -<br>1,528,474,000 shares |      | <b>₱840,660,700</b>   | ₱840,660,700       |
| <b>RETAINED EARNINGS</b>                                     |      |                       |                    |
| Balance at beginning of period                               |      | <b>312,701,646</b>    | 175,004,476        |
| Net income   |      | <b>69,120,858</b>     | 131,895,123        |
| Balance at end of period                                     |      | <b>381,822,504</b>    | 306,899,599        |
| Share in other comprehensive income of an<br>associate       | 7    | <b>6,904,173</b>      | 6,103,717          |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>  |      | <b>₱1,229,387,377</b> | ₱1,153,664,016     |

*See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.*



**BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.****(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)****UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

|  |      | <b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b> |               |
|--|------|---|---------------|
|  | Note | <b>2022</b>                             | 2021          |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                    |      |   |               |
| Income before tax  |      | <b>₱30,565,379</b>                      | ₱170,226,266  |
| Adjustments for:   |      |   |               |
| Share in net income of an associate                            | 7    | <b>(31,769,913)</b>                     | (171,618,100) |
| Depreciation   | 6    | <b>400,653</b>                          | 482,047       |
| Interest income  | 4    | <b>(8,203)</b>                          | (272)         |
| Operating loss before working capital changes                  |      | <b>(812,084)</b>                        | (910,059)     |
| Increase in:   |      |   |               |
| Dividends receivable   |      | —                                       | —             |
| Other current assets   |      | <b>(338,517)</b>                        | (210,788)     |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and statutory payables |      | <b>(15,854)</b>                         | 23,449        |
| Net cash used in operations                                    |      | <b>(1,166,455)</b>                      | (1,097,398)   |
| Interest received  |      | <b>8,203</b>                            | 272           |
| Net cash used in operating activities                          |      | <b>(1,158,252)</b>                      | (1,097,126)   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY</b>                      |      |   |               |
| Decrease (increase) in due from related parties                |      | <b>(33,077)</b>                         | 10,000        |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY</b>                      |      |   |               |
| Increase in due to related parties                             |      | <b>10,000</b>                           | 1,000,000     |
| <b>NET DECREASE IN CASH</b>                                    |      | <b>(1,181,329)</b>                      | (87,126)      |
| <b>CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>                             |      | <b>65,817,053</b>                       | 308,334       |
| <b>CASH AT END OF PERIOD</b>                                   |      | <b>₱64,635,723</b>                      | ₱221,208      |

*See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.*

**BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.****(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)****UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

|   |      | <b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b> |               |
|---|------|--|---------------|
|   | Note | <b>2022</b>                            | <b>2021</b>   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>         |      |  |               |
| Income (loss) before tax                            |      | <b>₱69,120,858</b>                     | ₱131,895,123  |
| Adjustments for:                                    |      |  |               |
| Share in net income of an associate                 | 7    | <b>(74,026,948)</b>                    | (141,781,252) |
| Depreciation  | 6    | <b>1,241,635</b>                       | 1,446,140     |
| Interest income                                     | 4    | <b>(25,076)</b>                        | (597)         |
| Operating loss before working capital changes       |      | <b>(3,689,531)</b>                     | (8,440,586)   |
| Decrease (increase) in:                             |      |  |               |
| Dividends receivable                                |      | <b>78,000,000</b>                      | –             |
| Other current assets                                |      | <b>(400,891)</b>                       | (252,612)     |
| Decrease in accrued expenses and statutory payables |      | <b>(447,795)</b>                       | (98,811)      |
| Net cash generated from (used in) operations        |      | <b>73,461,783</b>                      | (8,792,109)   |
| Interest received                                   |      | <b>25,076</b>                          | 597           |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities |      | <b>73,486,859</b>                      | (8,791,512)   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>         |      |  |               |
| Decrease (increase) in due from related parties     |      | <b>(10,184,482)</b>                    | 808,398       |
| Additions in property and equipment                 |      | <b>(57,049)</b>                        | –             |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities |      | <b>(10,241,531)</b>                    | 808,398       |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY</b>           |      |  |               |
| Increase in due to related parties                  |      | <b>964,839</b>                         | 7,691,602     |
| <b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH</b>              |      | <b>64,210,167</b>                      | (291,512)     |
| <b>CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>                  |      | <b>425,556</b>                         | 512,720       |
| <b>CASH AT END OF PERIOD</b>                        |      | <b>₱64,635,723</b>                     | ₱221,208      |

*See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.*

# **BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.**

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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### **1. Corporate Information**

#### **General Information**

Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (the “Company”) is a holding company, incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 4, 1981. On March 21, 1995, the Company listed its shares with Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE).

The Company is a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp. (the “Parent Company”), a company registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The Company’s principal office address is at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

#### **Information about the new Subsidiary**

The incorporation of the Company’s wholly owned subsidiary denominated as “Brightstar Holdings and Development, Inc.” authorized to be created by the company’s Board of Directors on 3 March 2022 was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) upon the SEC’s issuance of the subsidiary’s digital Certificate of Incorporation dated 27 May 2022, which the Company received on the same date. The primary purpose of the new subsidiary is to hold investments including but not limited to investments in the mining or extractive industries.

#### **Approval of Financial Statements**

The accompanying financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021 was approved and authorized for issuance by the BOD of the Company on April 8, 2022, as reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on the same date.

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### **2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) and SEC provisions.

#### **Measurement Bases**

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is also the Company’s functional currency. All amounts represent absolute values except otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring a liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. The Company uses valuation techniques

that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses market observable data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in Note 16, *Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies*.

#### **Amended PFRS Issued But Not Yet Effective**

Relevant amended PFRS, which are not yet effective as at September 30, 2022 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022:

- Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds Before Intended Use – The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use. Instead, the proceeds and related costs from such items shall be recognized in profit or loss. The amendments must be applied retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented when an entity first applies the amendment.
- Annual Improvements to PFRS 2018 to 2020 Cycle -
  - Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities* – The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 per cent' test in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability (i.e. whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability is substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability). These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on the other's behalf. The amendments apply to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 -

- Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – The amendments clarify the requirements for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12

months after the reporting period. The amendments also specify and clarify the following: (i) an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period, (ii) the classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement, (iii) how lending conditions affect classification, and (iv) requirements for classifying liabilities where an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments. The amendments must be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the financial statements, as applicable.

### **Financial Assets and Liabilities**

*Date of Recognition.* The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting.

*Initial Recognition and Measurement.* Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

*"Day 1" Difference.* Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference.

*Classification and Subsequent Measurement.* The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost and (c) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL, and financial assets at FVOCI.

*Financial Assets at Amortized Cost.* Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit loss (ECL). Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under

current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's cash, dividends receivable and due from related parties are classified under this category.

*Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost.* Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable are classified under this category.

### **Reclassification**

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

### **Impairment on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost**

The Company records an allowance for ECL. ECL is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

## **Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities**

*Financial Assets.* A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired.
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Company’s continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

*Financial Liabilities.* A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

A modification is considered substantial if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including net fees paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is different by at least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original liability.

The fair value of the modified financial liability is determined based on its expected cash flows, discounted using the interest rate at which the Company could raise debt with similar terms and conditions in the market. The difference between the carrying amount of the original liability and fair value of the new liability is recognized in profit or loss.

On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is not extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying amount is adjusted by the costs or fees paid or received in the restructuring.

## **Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

## **Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity**

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

### **Other Current Assets**

Other current assets include input value-added tax (VAT), creditable withholding taxes (CWT), and prepayments.

*VAT.* Expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except for payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included. The net amount of input VAT recoverable from the taxation authority is included as part of “Other current assets” account in the statements of financial position.

*CWT.* CWTs are amounts withheld from income subject to expanded withholding taxes. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation.

*Prepayments.* Prepayments represent expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before these are utilized. Prepayments are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and charged to profit or loss when incurred. Prepayments that are expected to be realized for no more than 12 months after the reporting period are classified as other current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as other noncurrent assets.

### **Investment in an Associate**

Investment in an associate is recognized initially at cost and subsequently accounted for using the equity method.

An associate is an entity in which the Company has significant influence but not control, over the financial and operating policies of such entity. The Company’s share of its associate’s post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in equity. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

The reporting date of the associate and that of the Company are identical and the associate’s accounting policies conform to those used by the Company for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. When necessary, adjustments are made to conform the associate’s accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

When the Company’s share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Company does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company’s interest in the associate. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

The Company determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any evidence that the investment is impaired. If this is the case, the amount of impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and recoverable amount.

### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.



Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the property and equipment:

|                               | Number of Years |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Condominium unit              | 31              |
| Office furniture and fixtures | 3-5             |

The estimated useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the accounts until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation is made in respect of those property and equipment.

When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations.

#### **Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets**

Nonfinancial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating unit is written down to its recoverable amount. The estimated recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over remaining useful life.

#### **Equity**

*Capital Stock.* Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are treated as deduction from equity, net of tax.

*Retained Earnings.* Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of net income or loss net of any dividend declaration.

*Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).* OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS. OCI of the Company pertains to accumulated share in OCI of an associate.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Company perform its obligations; (b) the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognized:

*Interest Income.* Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset, net of final tax.

### **Expenses Recognition**

Expenses are recognized in profit or loss when there is a decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability that can be measured reliably.

*General and Administrative Expenses.* General and administrative expenses constitute cost of administering the business. These are expensed as incurred.

### **Income Taxes**

*Current Tax.* Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rate used to compute the amount is the one that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

*Deferred Tax.* Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward benefits of any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity as OCI.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### **Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share**

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the year attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, with retroactive adjustments for any stock dividends declared and stock split and excluding common shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares.

Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potential dilutive common shares.

Where the earnings (loss) per share effect of potential dilutive common shares would be anti-dilutive, basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are stated at the same amount.

### **Operating Segment**

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components.

The Company has no operating segment other than being a holding company.

### **Related Party Relationship and Transactions**

Related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under common control with the reporting entity, or between, and/or among the reporting entity and its key management personnel, directors or its stockholders. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely to the legal form.

Related party transactions are transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Company and its related parties, regardless whether a price is charged.

### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

### **Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

### **Events after the Reporting Period**

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

### 3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to exercise judgments and make accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The judgment, accounting estimates and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The following are the significant judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions made by the Company:

*Determining Significant Influence over MARC.* When an entity holds 20% or more of the voting power (directly or through subsidiaries) on an investee, it will be presumed that the investor has significant influence unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. If the holding is less than 20%, the entity will be presumed not to have significant influence unless such influence can be clearly demonstrated. A substantial or majority ownership by another investor does not necessarily preclude an entity from having significant influence.

The existence of significant influence by the Company is evidenced by the following:

- representation on the BOD or equivalent governing body of the investee;
- participation in the policy-making process, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions; or
- material transactions between the entity and the investee; interchange of managerial personnel.

*Assessing the Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost.* The Company determines the allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets at amortized cost. ECL are provided for credit losses that result from possible default events within the next 12 months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition in which case ECL are provided based on lifetime ECL.

When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost are considered to have low credit risk, and therefore the loss allowance is determined as 12-month ECL. The Company has assessed that the ECL for other financial assets at amortized cost is not material because the transactions with respect to these financial assets were entered into by the Company only with reputable banks and related parties with good credit standing and relatively low risk of defaults. The Company also considered the available liquid assets of the related parties. Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2022 and 2021.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets at amortized cost are as follows:

|                          |      | <b>September 30, 2022</b> | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                          | Note | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        | (Audited)         |
| Cash in banks            | 4    | <b>₱64,625,723</b>        | ₱420,556          |
| Dividends receivable     | 10   | –                         | 78,000,000        |
| Due from related parties | 10   | <b>17,184,482</b>         | 7,000,000         |

*Assessing the Impairment of Investment in an Associate.* The Company assesses the impairment of investment in an associate whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of investment in an associate may not be recoverable. The Company considered the following as indicators of impairment, and therefore, performed an impairment review:

- The carrying amount of the net assets of the associate is more than its market capitalization; and
- The carrying amount of the investment exceeds the Company's proportionate share in the carrying amounts of the associate's net assets in the consolidated financial statements.

In determining the recoverable amount, the Company is required to make estimates and assumptions such as commodity prices, discount rates, and foreign currency exchange rates that can materially affect the financial statements. Commodity prices and foreign exchange rate are based on the current and forecast in different banks. Discount rate estimate is computed using the weighted average cost of capital.

Based on management assessment, the estimated recoverable amount of the Company's investment in an associate is higher than its carrying amount. Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2022 and 2021. The carrying amount of investment in an associate amounted to ₱2,784.38 million and ₱2,710.35 million as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively (see Note 7).

*Assessing the Impairment of Other Nonfinancial Assets.* The Company assesses impairment on other nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is computed using the value-in-use approach. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Determining such amount requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets.

No impairment loss was recognized in 2022 and 2021.

The carrying amount of the Company's other nonfinancial assets are as follows:

|                        | Note | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Other current assets   | 5    | ₱10,543,705                       | ₱10,142,814                    |
| Property and equipment | 6    | 36,161,896                        | 37,346,482                     |

*Estimating the Useful Lives of Property and Equipment.* The Company estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The Company annually reviews the estimated useful lives of property and equipment based on factors that include asset utilization, internal technical evaluation, technological changes, environmental changes and anticipated use of the assets.

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives of the Company's property and equipment in 2022 and 2021. The carrying amount of property and equipment amounted to ₱36.16 million and ₱37.35 million as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively (see Note 6).

*Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets.* The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax asset on NOLCO amounting to ₱4.80 million was not recognized as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 because the management assessed that there will be no sufficient taxable profits against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized (see Note 13).

*Estimating Contingencies.* The Company is currently involved in a legal case which the Company believes to have no material adverse effect on its financial position. It is possible however, that changes in estimates relating to this case may materially affect the results of operations of the Company (see Note 15).

#### 4. Cash

This account consists of:

|               | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash on hand  | ₱10,000                           | ₱5,000                         |
| Cash in banks | 64,625,723                        | 420,556                        |
|               | <b>₱64,635,723</b>                | <b>₱425,556</b>                |

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates. Interest income earned amounted to ₱25,076 and ₱758 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### 5. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

|             | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Input VAT   | ₱9,640,323                        | ₱9,424,279                     |
| CWT         | 609,485                           | 600,685                        |
| Prepayments | 277,761                           | 101,714                        |
| Others      | 16,136                            | 16,136                         |
|             | <b>₱10,543,705</b>                | <b>₱10,142,814</b>             |

#### 6. Property and Equipment

Balances and movements in this account are as follows:

|                                 | Note | September 30, 2022 (Unaudited) |                                  | Total              |
|---------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                 |      | Condominium<br>Unit            | Office Furniture<br>and Fixtures |                    |
| <b>Cost</b>                     |      |                                |                                  |                    |
| Balance at beginning of period  |      | ₱47,788,569                    | ₱1,795,919                       | ₱49,584,488        |
| Additions                       |      | –                              | 57,049                           | 57,049             |
| Balance at end of period        |      | 47,788,569                     | 1,852,968                        | 49,641,537         |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation</b> |      |                                |                                  |                    |
| Balance at beginning of period  |      | 10,509,577                     | 1,728,429                        | 12,238,006         |
| Depreciation                    | 12   | 1,184,356                      | 57,279                           | 1,241,635          |
| Balance at end of period        |      | 11,693,933                     | 1,785,708                        | 13,479,641         |
| <b>Carrying Amount</b>          |      | <b>₱36,094,636</b>             | <b>₱67,260</b>                   | <b>₱36,161,896</b> |

|                                      | Note | December 31, 2021 (Audited) |                               | Total              |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                      |      | Condominium Unit            | Office Furniture and Fixtures |                    |
| <b>Cost</b>                          |      |                             |                               |                    |
| Balance at beginning and end of year |      | ₱47,788,569                 | ₱1,795,919                    | ₱49,584,488        |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>      |      |                             |                               |                    |
| Balance at beginning of year         |      | 8,930,436                   | 1,379,383                     | 10,309,819         |
| Depreciation                         | 12   | 1,579,141                   | 349,046                       | 1,928,187          |
| Balance at end of year               |      | 10,509,577                  | 1,728,429                     | 12,238,006         |
| <b>Carrying Amount</b>               |      | <b>₱37,278,992</b>          | <b>₱67,490</b>                | <b>₱37,346,482</b> |

The condominium unit is being used as an office space. As at September 30, 2022, the cost of fully-depreciated office furniture and fixtures still in use amounted to ₱0.60 million.

## 7. Investment in an Associate

Movements in this account are as follows:

|                                     | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Acquisition cost</b>             | <b>₱2,604,000,000</b>             | ₱2,604,000,000                 |
| <b>Accumulated share in equity:</b> |                                   |                                |
| Balance at beginning of period      | 106,348,850                       | 33,016,266                     |
| Share in:                           |                                   |                                |
| Net income                          | 74,026,948                        | 150,532,128                    |
| Dividends                           | —                                 | (78,000,000)                   |
| OCI                                 | —                                 | 800,456                        |
| Balance at end of period            | 180,375,798                       | 106,348,850                    |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>              | <b>₱2,784,375,798</b>             | ₱2,710,348,850                 |

The Company has 600,000,000 shares of MARC representing 19.90% equity interest as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. MARC has investments in mining companies located in Surigao del Sur and in the province of Samar. MARC's principal office address is at Unit 4-3 BDO Towers Paseo, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the fair value per share of MARC amounted to ₱1.24 and ₱1.17, respectively. Fair market value of the investment in MARC amounted to ₱744.0 million and ₱702.0 million as at September 30, 2022 and December, 31, 2021, respectively.

Summarized financial information of MARC follows:

|                              | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | December 31, 2021<br>(Audited) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total current assets         | ₱1,604,663,081                    | ₱1,484,580,441                 |
| Total noncurrent assets      | 5,051,715,104                     | 5,025,052,654                  |
| Total current liabilities    | 850,310,685                       | 1,096,737,200                  |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 770,890,555                       | 747,778,375                    |
| Revenue                      | 2,377,250,366                     | 3,891,592,774                  |
| Net income                   | 370,059,424                       | 756,442,856                    |
| Other comprehensive income   | —                                 | 4,022,392                      |
| Total comprehensive income   | 370,059,424                       | 760,465,248                    |

On February 13, 2017, Marcventures Mining and Development Corp. (MMDC), a subsidiary of MARC, received an order from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) cancelling its Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) due to alleged violations of environment-related laws and regulations. The Technical Committee Report on MMDC shows only a recommendation for fine and

suspension. MMDC’s management and its legal counsel have assessed that the order is without basis in fact and in law. Foremost, MMDC is engaged in clean and responsible mining.

On February 17, 2017, MMDC filed a Notice of Appeal to the Office of the President. Subsequently, on March 17, 2017, MMDC filed its Appeal Memorandum. MMDC asserted the following matters in its appeal: (a) operations is allowed by law since said MPSA dated 01 July 1993 is granted with prior rights and is allowed by law as indicated specifically in Proclamation No. 1747 issued in 2009 by former President Gloria Macapagal Arroyo; (b) despite operations in a watershed, MMDC has not impaired farmlands, rivers or coastal areas within the MPSA area. As to the alleged non-compliance to the planting of three million seedlings, MMDC was prevented from implementing the same due to circumstances beyond its control.

As at March 31, 2022, MMDC has not received any decision nor update from the Office of the President. MMDC’s Legal Counsel is of a good faith position that it may continue its operations because the execution of the Order of the DENR Secretary is deemed automatically stayed as a matter of law on account of the pendency of MMDC's appeal.

MMDC has continuously been granted the necessary regulatory permits and licenses to operate, including but not limited to Discharge Permits, Ore Transport Permits and Mineral Ore Export Permits. As proof its compliance, MMDC has also secured a certification from the MGB as of March 17, 2022, attesting to the validity and existence of its MPSA and that MMDC has an approved Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility covering its entire contract mining area as at October 15, 2014.

MMDC has continued mining operations in areas covered by the MPSA.

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## 8. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

|                    | <b>September 30, 2022</b> | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                    | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        | (Audited)         |
| Accrued expenses   | <b>₱211,585</b>           | ₱873,051          |
| Statutory payables | <b>213,671</b>            | –                 |
|                    | <b>₱425,256</b>           | ₱873,051          |

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of outside services, professional fees, and electricity, among others, which are expected to be settled in the next reporting period.

Statutory payables pertain to withholding taxes that are to be remitted to the government within the next reporting period.

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## 9. Note Payable

Note payable is a noninterest-bearing note with Trans Middle East Philippine Equities, Inc. (TMEE), a related party, which represents the unpaid portion of the purchase price of the investment in an associate amounting to ₱1,671.5 million as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (see Note 10).

The Note’s maturity date was December 31, 2021 but was then extended by both parties until December 31, 2022.



## 10. Related Party Transactions

The Company has the following transactions with its Parent Company and other related parties:

|                                 | Note | Nature of Transactions       | Amount of Transactions |             | Outstanding Balances  |                |
|---------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|
|                                 |      |                              | 2022                   | 2021        | 2022                  | 2021           |
| <b>Dividends Receivable</b>     |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| <i>Associate -</i>              |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| MARC                            |      | Dividends                    | <b>₱78,000,000)</b>    | ₱78,000,000 | <b>₱-</b>             | ₱78,000,000    |
| <b>Due from Related Parties</b> |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| <i>Parent Company</i>           |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
|                                 |      | Advances for working capital | <b>₱-</b>              | ₱-          | <b>₱7,000,000</b>     | ₱7,000,000     |
| <i>Affiliates -</i>             |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| BHDI                            |      | Advances for working capital | <b>10,134,482</b>      | -           | <b>10,134,482</b>     | -              |
|                                 |      |                              |                        |             | <b>₱17,134,482</b>    | ₱7,000,000     |
| <b>Due to Related Parties</b>   |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| <i>Affiliates -</i>             |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| MMDC                            |      | Advances for working capital | <b>₱926,839</b>        | ₱8,856,875  | <b>₱9,783,714</b>     | ₱8,856,875     |
| PMHI                            |      | Advances for working capital | <b>₱38,000</b>         | ₱-          | <b>₱1,803,534</b>     | ₱1,765,534     |
|                                 |      |                              |                        |             | <b>₱11,587,248</b>    | ₱10,622,409    |
| <b>Note Payable</b>             |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| <i>Affiliate -</i>              |      |                              |                        |             |                       |                |
| TMEE                            | 9    | Note payable                 | <b>₱-</b>              | ₱-          | <b>₱1,671,501,723</b> | ₱1,671,501,723 |

Due from related parties are noninterest-bearing, collectible on demand, not impaired and to be settled in cash. Due to related parties are noninterest-bearing, unsecured, payable on demand and to be settled in cash.

Compensation paid to key management personnel amounting to nil in 2022 and 2021, respectively, pertains to short-term employee benefits.

## 11. Equity

On March 21, 1995, the SEC approved the listing of the Company's 118,000,000 shares at an offer price of ₱1 per share. As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, 1,528,474,000 shares are listed in the PSE.

The following summarizes the information on the Company's issued and subscribed shares as at September 30, 2022:

|  | Number of shares issued and subscribed | Percentage of shares |
|--|--|----------------------|
| Non-public shareholdings:              |  |                      |
| a. Related parties                     | 1,170,159,989                          | 76.56%               |
| b. Affiliates, directors and officers* | 10,000                                 | 0.00%                |
| Public shareholdings                   | 358,304,011                            | 23.44%               |
| <b>Total</b>                           | <b>1,528,474,000</b>                   | <b>100.00%</b>       |

\*Shareholdings represent 0.0007% of the total shares.

The total number of shareholders of the Company is 629 as at September 30, 2022.

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## 12. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

|                                | Note | September 30, 2022<br>(Unaudited) | September 30, 2021<br>(Unaudited) |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Depreciation                   | 6    | <b>₱1,241,635</b>                 | ₱1,446,140                        |
| Membership dues and other fees |      | <b>1,168,596</b>                  | 1,237,566                         |
| Outside services               |      | <b>839,704</b>                    | 604,553                           |
| Director's fees                |      | <b>565,000</b>                    | 185,000                           |
| Professional fees              |      | <b>347,084</b>                    | 504,760                           |
| Communication, light and water |      | <b>221,963</b>                    | 78,958                            |
| Fines and penalties            |      | <b>71,000</b>                     | –                                 |
| Taxes and licenses             |      | <b>48,189</b>                     | 1,259,291                         |
| Others                         |      | <b>833,710</b>                    | 4,570,458                         |
|                                |      | <b>₱5,336,881</b>                 | ₱9,886,726                        |

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## 13. Income Tax

There is no provision for current income tax in 2022 and 2021 due to the Company's gross and taxable loss position.

Unrecognized deferred tax asset on NOLCO amounted to ₱4.8 million as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Deferred tax asset on NOLCO was not recognized as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 because management has assessed that there may be no sufficient future taxable profits against which deferred tax asset can be utilized.

The reconciliation of provision for income tax at the statutory income tax to the provision for income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income follows:

As at September 30, 2022, unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income are as follows:

| Year | Balance at<br>Beginning of<br>Year | Incurred          | Expired           | Balance at<br>End of Year | Year of<br>Expiry |
|------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 2021 | ₱–                                 | ₱7,719,361        | ₱–                | ₱7,719,361                | 2026              |
| 2020 | 6,284,288                          | –                 | –                 | 6,284,288                 | 2025              |
| 2019 | 5,169,525                          | –                 | –                 | 5,169,525                 | 2022              |
| 2018 | 7,190,480                          | –                 | 7,190,480         | –                         | 2021              |
|      | <b>₱18,644,293</b>                 | <b>₱7,719,361</b> | <b>₱7,190,480</b> | <b>₱19,173,174</b>        |                   |

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On September 30, 2020, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 25-2020 to implement Section 4 (bbbb) of the Republic Act No. 11494, otherwise known as "Bayanihan to Recover as One Act". This RR provides that net operating loss of a business or enterprise for taxable years 2020 and 2021 are to be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next five consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

## **Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act**

On March 26, 2021, Republic Act No. 11354, otherwise known as the “Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises Act” or “CREATE” was approved and signed into law by the Philippine President. Under the CREATE, the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) of domestic corporations was revised from 30% to 25% or 20% depending on the amount of total assets or total amount of taxable income. In addition, the minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) was changed from 2% to 1% of gross income for a period of three years. The changes in the income tax rates shall retrospectively become effective beginning July 1, 2020.

Accordingly, the income tax rate used in preparing the financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are 25% and 30% for RCIT and 1% and 2% for MCIT, respectively. The change in income tax rates does not have financial impact to the Company due to its taxable loss position.

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### 14. **Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share**

Basic and diluted earnings per share is computed as follow:

|  | <b>September 30, 2022</b> | December 31, 2021 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        | (Audited)         |
| Net income   | <b>₱69,120,858</b>        | ₱137,697,170      |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | <b>1,528,474,000</b>      | 1,528,474,000     |
| Earnings per share - basic and diluted               | <b>₱0.05</b>              | ₱0.09             |

There has been no transaction involving common shares or potential common shares that occurred subsequent to the reporting dates.

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### 15. **Contingencies**

#### **Legal Claims and Assignment of Litigation Cases**

In 2011, the Company, under its old name, Bankard Inc., was made a co-defendant together with Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) in a collection case for US\$1.5 million filed in the Los Angeles Superior Court by Verotel Merchant Services B.V. (“VMS”), a Dutch corporation, and Verotel International Industries, Inc. (“VII”). The plaintiffs alleged that they were not paid the charge cards availments that the Company processed under a Tripartite Merchants Agreements (TMA). Based on Company’s records, however, payments due to the foreign merchant were wired to the latter’s designated agent. The Company did not breach any regulatory or trade standards in complying with the TMA. On July 11, 2016, after an initial jury verdict in favor of VMS, the case was elevated to the California Court of Appeals. In a Decision dated January 13, 2021, the Court of Appeals affirmed the total monetary award of US\$2 million, inclusive of pre-judgment interest, in favor of VMS, and the deletion of the US\$8 million punitive damages award, for lack of factual and legal basis. As stated in RCBC’s 2020 Audited Financial Statements, the monetary award has been fully provided for as of December 31, 2020.

The Company’s management and its counsel believe that any ultimate liability resulting therefrom will not materially affect the Company’s financial position and results of operations. Moreover, under the Share Purchase Agreement dated October 18, 2013, RCBC will indemnify the Company should the court adjudge the Company liable.

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## 16. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company has risk management policies that systematically view the risks that could prevent the Company from achieving its objectives. These policies are intended to manage risks identified in such a way that opportunities to deliver the Company's objectives are achieved. The Company's risk management takes place in the context of day-to-day operations and normal business processes such as strategic planning and business planning. Management has identified each risk and is responsible for coordinating and continuously improving risk strategies, processes and measures in accordance with the Company's established business objectives.

### **Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies**

The Company's principal financial instruments consist of cash, due from related parties, accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable. The primary purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The main risks arising from the use of these financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. Management reviews and approves the policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below.

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty defaults on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks and due from related parties.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on the financial assets as at amortized cost is the carrying amount of those assets as at the reporting date.

#### *Financial Assets at Amortized Cost*

The Company limits its credit risk from balances with banks by depositing its cash with highly reputable and pre-approved financial institutions. For due from related parties, credit risk is low since the Company only transacts with related parties with strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

The Company considers credit risk in measuring ECL of financial assets at amortized cost. Since the financial assets at amortized cost of the Company are considered to have low credit risk, impairment loss is limited to 12-month ECL.

Generally, financial assets at amortized cost are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators of this include the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan, no active enforcement activity and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than one year.

The table below presents high grade credit quality of the Company's financial assets at amortized cost.

|                          | <b>September 30, 2022</b> | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                          | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        | (Audited)         |
| Cash in banks            | <b>₱64,625,723</b>        | ₱420,556          |
| Dividends receivable     | –                         | 78,000,000        |
| Due from related parties | <b>17,184,482</b>         | 7,000,000         |
|                          | <b>₱81,810,205</b>        | ₱85,420,556       |

High grade credit quality represents settlements which are obtained from counterparty following the terms of the contracts without much collection effort.

### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs.

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at amortized cost as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

| <b>September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)</b> |                                |                                  |                               |                       |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                       | <b>Less than One<br/>Month</b> | <b>One Month to<br/>One Year</b> | <b>More than<br/>One Year</b> | <b>Total</b>          |
| Accrued expenses                      | <b>₱211,586</b>                | <b>₱–</b>                        | <b>₱–</b>                     | <b>₱211,586</b>       |
| Due to a related party                | –                              | <b>11,587,248</b>                | –                             | <b>11,587,248</b>     |
| Note payable                          | –                              | <b>1,671,501,723</b>             | –                             | <b>1,671,501,723</b>  |
|                                       | <b>₱211,586</b>                | <b>₱1,683,088,971</b>            | <b>₱–</b>                     | <b>₱1,683,300,557</b> |

  

| <b>December 31, 2021 (Audited)</b> |                                |                                  |                               |                       |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                    | <b>Less than One<br/>Month</b> | <b>One Month to<br/>One Year</b> | <b>More than<br/>One Year</b> | <b>Total</b>          |
| Accrued expenses                   | <b>₱873,051</b>                | <b>₱–</b>                        | <b>₱–</b>                     | <b>₱873,051</b>       |
| Due to a related party             | –                              | <b>10,622,409</b>                | –                             | <b>10,622,409</b>     |
| Note payable                       | –                              | <b>1,671,501,723</b>             | –                             | <b>1,671,501,723</b>  |
|                                    | <b>₱873,051</b>                | <b>₱1,682,124,132</b>            | <b>₱–</b>                     | <b>₱1,682,997,183</b> |

#### **Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

The carrying values of the following financial instruments approximates its fair values due to the short-term nature of the financial instruments.

|  | <b>September 30, 2022<br/>(Unaudited)</b> | <b>December 31, 2021<br/>(Audited)</b> |
|--|---|--|
| <b>Financial Assets at Amortized Cost</b>      |   |  |
| Cash   | <b>₱64,635,723</b>                        | <b>₱425,556</b>                        |
| Dividends receivable                           | –   | <b>78,000,000</b>                      |
| Due from related parties                       | <b>17,184,482</b>                         | <b>7,000,000</b>                       |
|  | <b>₱81,820,205</b>                        | <b>₱85,425,556</b>                     |
| <b>Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost</b> |   |  |
| Accrued expenses                               | <b>₱211,586</b>                           | <b>₱873,051</b>                        |
| Due to a related party                         | <b>11,587,248</b>                         | <b>10,622,409</b>                      |
| Note payable                                   | <b>1,671,501,723</b>                      | <b>1,671,501,723</b>                   |
|  | <b>₱1,683,300,557</b>                     | <b>₱1,682,997,183</b>                  |

## **17. Capital Management Objectives, Policies and Procedures**

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company considers its total equity amounting to ₱1,229.39 million and ₱1,160.27 million as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, as its capital.

There has been no change in the objectives, policies and processes in 2022 and 2021.